UNIT 3 • MODELING AND ANALYZING QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS Lesson 1: Creating and Solving Quadratic Equations in One Variable

Practice 3.1.1: Taking the Square Root of Both Sides Solve each equation for <i>x</i> .	A
1. $x^2 = 81$	
2. $x^2 = -25$	
3. $x^2 - 5 = 4$	
4. $(x+3)^2 = 1$	
5. $(x+3)^2 + 7 = -2$	
6. $4(x-10)^2 = 25$	

Use what you know about square roots to complete problems 7–10. Round to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

- 7. When does a quadratic equation in the form $ax^2 + b = c$ have two real, rational solutions?
- 8. The area of a square with sides of length *s* is given by *s*². The area of a square is 40 square centimeters. What is the length of one side of the square, rounded to the nearest hundredth?
- 9. The area of a circle with radius *r* is given by πr^2 . The area of a circle is 60 square millimeters. What is the radius of the circle, rounded to the nearest hundredth?
- 10. The surface area of a cube with edges of length a is given by $6a^2$. If the surface area of a cube is 200 square inches, what is the length of each edge of the cube, rounded to the nearest hundredth?