UNIT 3 • MODELING AND ANALYZING QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS
Lesson 1: Creating and Solving Quadratic Equations in One Variable

## Practice 3.1.1: Taking the Square Root of Both Sides

Solve each equation for $x$.

1. $x^{2}=81$
2. $x^{2}=-25$
3. $x^{2}-5=4$
4. $(x+3)^{2}=1$
5. $(x+3)^{2}+7=-2$
6. $4(x-10)^{2}=25$

Use what you know about square roots to complete problems 7-10. Round to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.
7. When does a quadratic equation in the form $a x^{2}+b=c$ have two real, rational solutions?
8. The area of a square with sides of length $s$ is given by $s^{2}$. The area of a square is 40 square centimeters. What is the length of one side of the square, rounded to the nearest hundredth?
9. The area of a circle with radius $r$ is given by $\pi r^{2}$. The area of a circle is 60 square millimeters. What is the radius of the circle, rounded to the nearest hundredth?
10. The surface area of a cube with edges of length $a$ is given by $6 a^{2}$. If the surface area of a cube is 200 square inches, what is the length of each edge of the cube, rounded to the nearest hundredth?

