GSE Algebra 1

Unit One Information

EOCT Domain & Weight:

Algebra (includes Number and Quantity) 50%

Curriculum Map: <u>Relationships Between Quantities & Expressions</u>

Content Descriptors:

Concept 1: Use Properties of rational and irrational numbers Concept 2: Reason Quantitatively & Use Units to Solve Problems Concept 3: Interpret the Structure of Expressions Concept 4: Perform arithmetic operations of polynomials

Content from Frameworks: <u>Relationships Between Quantities & Expressions</u>

Unit Length: Approximately 29 days

Georgia Milestones Study Guide for Unit 1

GSE Algebra 1 – Unit 1 Curriculum Map

Unit Rationale

Students will interpret the structure of expressions and solve problems related to unit analysis. Students will address properties of rational and irrational numbers and operations with polynomials in preparation for working with quadratic functions later in the course. Content addressed in Unit 1 will provide a solid foundation for all subsequent units.

Prerequisites: As identified by the G	Length of Unit		
 ✓ Order of operations 			
✓ Algebraic properties			29 Days
✓ Number sense			
 Computation with whole number Measuring length and finding 			
 ✓ Volume and capacity 	perimeter una area of rectangies ana sqi	ur es	
Concept 1	Concept 2	Concept 3	Concept 4
Use properties of rational and	Reason quantitatively and	Interpret the structure of	Perform arithmetic operations
irrational numbers	use units to solve problems	expressions	on polynomials.
GSE Standards	GSE Standards	GSE Standards	GSE Standards
MGSE9-12.N.RN.2 Rewrite expressions involving radicals	MGSE9-12.N.Q.1 Use units of measure (linear, area	MGSE9-12.A.SSE.1	MGSE9-12.A.APR.1
and rational exponents using the	capacity rates and time) as a way to	quantity in terms of context	Understand that polynomials form a
properties of exponents. (i.e., simplify	understand problems:	quantity in terms of contents	system analogous to the integers in that
and/or use the operations of addition,	a. Identify, use and record appropriate	MGSE9-12.A.SSE.1a	they are closed under operations.
subtraction, and multiplication, with	units of measure within context,	Interpret parts of an expression, such	
radicals within expressions limited to	within data displays, and on graphs;	as terms, factors, and coefficients, in	
square roots).	b. Convert units and rates using	context.	
	dimensional analysis (English-to-		
MGSE9-12.N.RN.3	English and Metric-to Metric without	MGSE9-12.A.SSE.1b	
rational numbers is rational: why the	between English and Metric with	Given situations which utilize	
sum of a rational number and	conversion factor)	terms and/or factors interpret the	
irrational number is irrational; and	c. Use units within multi-step	meaning (in context) of individual	
why the product of a nonzero rational	problems and formulas; interpret units	terms or factors.	
number and an irrational number is	of input and resulting units of output.		
irrational.			
	MGSE9-12.N.Q.2		
	Define appropriate quantities for the		
	Given a situation context or problem		
	students will determine, identify and		
	students will determine, identify and		

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	use appropriate quantities for representing the situation. MGSE9-12.N.Q.3 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. For example, money situations are generally reported to the nearest cent (hundredth). Also, an answers' precision is limited to the precision of the data given.		
Lesson Essential Question	Lesson Essential Question	Lesson Essential Question	Lesson Essential Question
 Why is the sum or product of rational numbers rational? Why is the sum of a rational number and irrational number irrational? Why is the product of a nonzero rational number and an irrational number irrational number irrational? 	• How do I choose and interpret units of measure in context?	 How do I interpret parts of an expression in terms of context? How can polynomials be used to express realistic situations? 	• How are polynomial operations related to operations in the real number system?
Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary	Vocabulary
 Algebra Coefficient Constant Term Expression Factor Integer Irrational Number Radical Radicand Rational Number Term Variable Whole number 	 Capacity Circumference Perimeter Pythagorean Theorem Volume 	 Binomial Expression Monomial Expression Polynomial function Standard form of a polynomial Trinomial 	 Associative property of addition (a + b) + c = a + (b + c) Commutative property of addition a + b = b + a Additive identity property of 0 a + 0 = 0 + a = a Existence of additive inverses For every a there exists -a so that a + (-a) = (-a) + a = 0. Associative property of multiplication (a × b) × c = a × (b × c) Commutative property of multiplication a × b = b × a Distributive property of

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			multiplication over addition	
			$\mathbf{a} \times (\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c}) = \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{c}$	
Sample Assessment Items	Sample Assessment Items	Sample Assessment Items	Sample Assessment Items	
MGSE9-12.N.RN.2	MGSE9-12.N.Q.1	MGSE9-12.A.SSE.1a	MGSE9-12.A.APR.1	
Which expression is equivalent to	A pipe is leaking at the rate of 8 fluid	Lee deposits \$1,200 into an account	A train travels at a rate of $(4x + 5)$ miles	
$-\sqrt{27} - 3\sqrt{45} - \sqrt{20} + 2\sqrt{45}$	ounces per minute. How many	that pays 5% annual interest. What is	per hour. How many miles can it travel	
F . F	gallons is the pipe leaking per hour?	his ending balance after 4 years? Use	at that rate in $(x - 1)$ hours?	
a. $3\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{5}$	a02 gal/h	the formula	A =	P(
	b. $\frac{3.75 \text{ gal/h}}{17.07 \text{ gal/h}}$	where $A =$ ending balance, P is the	a. $3x - 4$ miles	
b. $-3\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{5}$	c. $1/.0/$ gal/ h	amount deposited ($$1,200$), r is the	b 5y 4 miles	
/7 /AF	d. 3,840 gal/n	percent interest $(.05)$, and t is the	$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{J} \mathbf{X} - 4 \text{ mines}$	
c. $-\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{45}$	MCSE0 12 NO 2	number of years (4).	$c = 4x^2 + x - 5$ miles	
d 127 120 145	Vou want to model the speed of a	¢ 00 7.0 4		
u. $-\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{20} - \sqrt{45}$	motorcycle. Which units would be	a. \$ 987.24	d. $4x^2 - 9x - 5$ miles	
	appropriate for measuring this	$0.\ \$1,300.56$		
	quantity?	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{C} & 51, 458, 01 \\ \mathbf{d} & 56, 075, 00 \end{array}$		
MGSE9-12.N.RN.3	a. Kilometers per mile	d. \$0,075.00		
Which statement is true about the	b. Kilometers per hour	MGSE9-12 A SSE 1b		
value of $(\sqrt{27} - 3) \cdot 9?$	c. Minutes per hour	Old Navy is having a sale in which all		
	d. Hours per meter	T-shirts are \$10. The sales tax is 5%.		
a. It is rational, because the product		If Bryce buys <i>n</i> T-shirts during this		
of two rational numbers is rational.		sale, the total cost of his purchase will		
b It is rational because the product	MGSE9-12.N.Q.3	be $10n + 0.05(10n)$. What does		
of a rational number and an	A carpenter is designing a bookcase	0.05(10n) in this context represent?		
irrational number is rational	that has shelves that should be 115cm			
intutional number is futional.	with a tolerance of 0.6cm (115cm \pm	a. The expression 0.05(10n)		
c. It is irrational, because the product	lengths of 115 2cm 114 0cm	represents the price of each T-		
of two irrational numbers is	115 0cm 11/13 cm 11/17 cm and	shirt.		
irrational.	115.0cm, 114.3cm, 114.7cm and 115.7cm Which of the shelves are	$1 - T_{1} = 0.05(10x)$		
	not within the specified tolerance?	b. The expression 0.05(10n)		
d. It is irrational, because the product	not wrann the spectric totoranee.	purchase		
of all infational number and a fational	a. Only the 114.3cm shelf.	purchase.		
number is inational.	b. Only the 115.7cm shelf.	c The expression $0.05(10n)$		
	c. Both the 114.3 and 115.7cm	represents the cost of Brvce's		
	shelves.	purchase before tax.		
	d. All of the shelves are within the	L		
	tolerance.	d. The expression 0.05(10n)		
		represents the total cost of		
		Bryce's purchase.		

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At the end of Unit 1 student's should be able to say "I can..."

- ✓ Interpret units of measure in context.
- ✓ Interpret parts of an expression in terms of context.
- \checkmark Relate polynomial operations to the real number system.
- \checkmark Use polynomials to express realistic situations.
- ✓ Simplify radicals and justify simplification of radicals using visual representations.
- ✓ Use the operations of addition, subtraction, and multiplication, with radicals within expressions limited to square roots.
- \checkmark Understand why the sum or product of rational numbers is rational.
- \checkmark Understand why the sum of a rational number and irrational number is irrational.
- \checkmark Understand why the product of a nonzero rational number and an irrational number is irrational.
- ✓ Understand that results of operations performed between numbers from a particular number set does not always belong to the same set. For example, the sum of two irrational numbers $(2 + \sqrt{3})$ and $(2 \sqrt{3})$ is 4, which is a rational number; however, the sum of a rational number 2 and irrational number $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number $(2 + \sqrt{3})$.